

GLOBAL MARKETS RESEARCH

Daily Market Outlook

6 March 2025

EUR Awakening

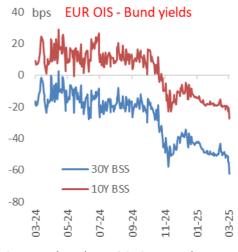
- USD rates. UST yields rebounded from session lows upon firmer prints of ISM services (and upward revision to services PMI), ending the day 2-5bps higher from previous close. 10Y real yield rose by 5bps to 1.938%, while 10Y breakeven was relatively stable - we wrote yesterday that "10Y breakeven is likely to remain sticky downward at 2.3-2.4% level, while real yield will continue to fluctuate depending on the data". Despite some interim upticks, yields have nevertheless moved to lower levels and are likely to fluctuate within these lower ranges; triggers are needed for yields to move up decisively to higher ranges. The Fed's Beige Book for March has been released, based on information collected on or before 24 February. Overall, the assessment on consumer spending and the labour market was a tad softer, while that on prices was a tad firmer. On the economy, the March Beige Book has it that "consumer spending was lower on balance" vs "consumer spending moved up moderately" in the January edition; and that "labour availability improved for many sectors and Districts". On prices, "several Districts reported an uptick in the pace of increase relative to the previous reporting period". Nevertheless, these changes in the assessment were not substantial. Fed Funds futures pared back rate cut expectation to 69bps this year - but again, market pricing was still more dovish than just weeks ago. Near-term range of 10Y UST yield is seen at 4.20-4.34% but a breakout may happen depending on payrolls and labour market statistics outcome on Friday.
- EUR rates. Bunds were sold off overnight by 20-30bps as markets reacted to the fiscal spending plan. EUR OIS pared back rate cut expectation to 70bps (from more than 80bps priced last week) for the rest of the year, which still appears a tad overly dovish to us. Our base-case is for 50bps of cuts including an expected 25bp cut later today. After this expected cut, market priced a 56% chance of another 25bp rate cut at April MPC meeting, while we see back-toback rate cuts as unlikely. The key discussion at the ECB may be whether interest rates are still restrictive - "a higher r-star calls for careful monitoring of when monetary policy ceases to be restrictive", as Isabel Schnabel put it in her recent speech. We would be looking for less dovish remarks to further push market pricing to reflect fewer expected cuts. At the long end, the recent bond/swap moves helped lift pick-up for Bunds, offsetting the earlier upward move in EUR basis. This does not necessarily mean

Follow our podcasts by searching 'OCBC Research Insights' on Telegram!

Frances Cheung, CFA FX and Rates Strategy FrancesCheung@ocbc.com

Christopher Wong FX and Rates Strategy ChristopherWong@ocbc.com

Global Markets Research and Strategy



Source: Bloomberg, OCBC Research





long end Bunds will find a support near-term with focus on fiscal, while the asset swap pick-up is still not particularly appealing.

- EURUSD. Awakening. EUR bulls continued to catch markets off-• guard, rising by over 400pips in 4 days this week. A rare display of responsiveness and concerted willingness of European leaders agreeing to spend on defence is giving EUR a fresh boost. EU is proposing EUR150bn in loans to boost defence spending and is also planning to activate a mechanism that allow countries to use their national budgets to spend an additional EUR650bn on defence over 4 years without triggering budgetary penalties. Chancellor-inwaiting Friedrich Merz also indicated that Germany would amend the constitution to exempt defence and security outlays from limits on fiscal spending to do "whatever it takes" to defend the country. He added that the main center parties had also agreed to launch a €500 billion (\$528 billion) infrastructure fund to invest in priorities such as transportation, energy grids and housing. This is about 11-12% of German GDP and is planned to be disbursed over 10 years. Alongside the planned defence spending bills, there can be potential upside risk to German growth. Today, EU leaders are meeting for a special summit to discuss continued support for Ukraine and European defence. We keep a look out if EU leaders continue to show political determination. Near term, the looming risk of US tariffs on Europe and upcoming ECB meeting (Thu) are some of the 2-way risks to watch for the EUR. Markets are likely to scrutinise the ECB meeting for signs of any slowdown in ECB easing cycle. Any hint of that should add to EUR recovery given that markets are still pricing about 70bps of cuts this year. On tariffs, it is still uncertain when the 25% tariff on European auto and other products will be effective. Confirmation of the tariffs may see EUR dip but the pullback may not translate into a larger decline. Instead, it could be seen as a chance to buy dips, considering the emergence of new positive factors: a potential Ukraine peace deal, expectations of defence spending, a chance that ECB easing may slow, Germans attempting to form a coalition government fast and likely to increase spending/ support growth, etc. EUR was last at 1.08 levels. Daily momentum is bullish but RSI enters into overbought conditions. Pace of rise may moderate. We look for dips to buy into. Support at 1.07, 1.0575 (38.2% fibo retracement of Sep high to Jan low). Resistance at 1.0820 (61.8% fibo), 1.0970 (76.4% fibo).
- DXY. Bearish but Oversold. USD fell sharply. The narrative of US exceptionalism continues to fade as markets are increasingly focused on how Trump policies are hurting the US economy. Overnight, Trump administration confirmed a 1-month delay for automakers from newly imposed tariffs on Mexico and Canada. USD moves so far have also somewhat mirrored the USD decline seen in 2017 post Trump 1.0. DXY broke below 200 DMA. Last at 104.30 levels. Daily momentum turned bearish but RSI fell to near



Trump (2024)

DXY performance 50 days before and 180 days after US elections (Index = 100)

Source: Bloomberg, OCBC Research

Trump (2016)



GLOBAL MARKETS RESEARCH

oversold conditions. Pace of decline is likely to moderate while we also do not rule out intra-day bounce. Resistance at 105/105.20 (50% fibo, 200 DMA), 106.35 (38.2% fibo retracement of Oct low to Jan high). Support at 104 (61.8% fibo), 103.40 and 102.50 (76.4% fibo). On US data, today brings initial jobless claims before payrolls report tomorrow. Softer US data may continue to add to USD woes. Later on Fri night, Powell will give a speech at the Chicago Booth's US monetary policy forum. There will also be a Q&A session. It may be worth keeping a look out on any touchpoints he may have on US economic outlook or Fed policy, given the recent narrative on US facing stagflation risks.

- GBP rates. Gilt yields rose across the curve, taking cue from the • Bunds market and probably also upon some remarks from the BoE which was seen as hawkish by some market participants. Greene was quoted as saying monetary policy needs to remain restrictive; but we have to put things into context, where such comment was made in the annual report to lawmakers' committee, and the stance remained a gradual one in cutting interest rates. Bailey, meanwhile, commented on the impact of tariffs, opining that impact on inflation can be ambiguous, but the risk to the UK and the world economy are substantial. Pills commented "bank rate from here is in a falling direction" but would "err on the side of caution on rates as the debate is about how intense disinflation forces are. On balance, one 25bp cut per quarter still appears to be an appropriate pace that is in line with a gradual approach, in our view.
- USDJPY. Consolidation; Wait to Sell Rallies. USDJPY traded rangebound. Pair was last at 149.20. Daily momentum is flat while RSI rose. Cautious of short term rebound risks but retain bias remains to sell rallies. Resistance at 150.50, 151.50 (38.2% fibo retracement of Sep low to Jan high). Support at 149.20 (50% fibo), 148.80 before 147 (61.8% fibo). Trump tariff threats (on reciprocal tariffs) and dividend seasonality trends may pose intermittent upside pressure for USDJPY. Sell rallies preferred, as growing Fed-BoJ policy divergence should continue to anchor the broad direction of travel of USDJPY to the downside.
- USDSGD. Consolidation; Sell Rallies. USDSGD fell further amid softer USD while EUR and RMB held up. Pair was last seen at 1.3320 levels. Mild bullish momentum on daily chart shows signs of fading while RSI turned lower. There are many cross currents tariff uncertainties, fading US exceptionalism, Chinese tech stock re-rating, prospects of Ukraine peace dividend. Stronger EUR, steady RMB and softer USD, UST yields may continue to provide a breather for AxJs, including SGD. We still caution for 2-way trades this week but slight bias leans toward selling rallies. Resistance at 1.3390 (38.2% fibo retracement of Sep low to Jan high), 1.3430/50



GLOBAL MARKETS RESEARCH

levels (21, 100 DMAs). Key support at 1.3300/10 levels. Break puts next support at 1.3270 (50% fibo) and 1.32 levels. S\$NEER was last seen at 1.25% above model-implied mid.



Selena Ling Head of Research & Strategy lingssselena@ocbc.com

Herbert Wong Hong Kong & Taiwan Economist herberthtwong@ocbc.com

Jonathan Ng ASEAN Economist jonathanng4@ocbc.com

FX/Rates Strategy

Frances Cheung, CFA Head of FX & Rates Strategy <u>francescheung@ocbc.com</u>

Credit Research

Andrew Wong Head of Credit Research wongvkam@ocbc.com

Chin Meng Tee, CFA Credit Research Analyst mengteechin@ocbc.com

GLOBAL MARKETS RESEARCH

Tommy Xie Dongming Head of Asia Macro Research <u>xied@ocbc.com</u>

Lavanya Venkateswaran Senior ASEAN Economist lavanyavenkateswaran@ocbc.com

Ong Shu Yi ESG Analyst <u>shuyiong1@ocbc.com</u>

Christopher Wong FX Strategist <u>christopherwong@ocbc.com</u>

Ezien Hoo, CFA Credit Research Analyst ezienhoo@ocbc.com Keung Ching (Cindy) Hong Kong & Macau Economist <u>cindyckeung@ocbc.com</u>

Ahmad A Enver ASEAN Economist <u>ahmad.enver@ocbc.com</u>

Wong Hong Wei, CFA Credit Research Analyst wonghongwei@ocbc.com

This report is solely for information purposes and general circulation only and may not be published, circulated, reproduced or distributed in whole or in part to any other person without our prior written consent. This report should not be construed as an offer or solicitation for the subscription, purchase or sale of the securities/instruments mentioned herein or to participate in any particular trading or investment strategy. Any forecast on the economy, stock market, bond market and economic trends of the markets provided is not necessarily indicative of the future or likely performance of the securities/instruments. Whilst the information contained herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable and we have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in this report is not untrue or misleading at the time of publication, we cannot guarantee and we make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness, and you should not act on it without first independently verifying its contents. The securities/instruments mentioned in this report may not be suitable for investment by all investors. Any opinion or estimate contained in this report is subject to change without notice. We have not given any consideration to and we have not made any investigation of the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of the recipient or any class of persons, and accordingly, no warranty whatsoever is given and no liability whatsoever is accepted for any loss arising whether directly or indirectly as a result of the recipient or any class of persons acting on such information or opinion or estimate. This report may cover a wide range of topics and is not intended to be a comprehensive study or to provide any recommendation or advice on personal investing or financial planning. Accordingly, it should not be relied on or treated as a substitute for specific advice concerning individual situations. Please seek advice from a financial adviser regarding the suitability of any investment product taking into account your specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs before you make a commitment to purchase the investment product. In the event that you choose not to seek advice from a financial adviser, you should consider whether the investment product mentioned herein is suitable for you. Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited ("OCBC Bank"), Bank of Singapore Limited ("BOS"), OCBC Investment Research Private Limited ("OIR"), OCBC Securities Private Limited ("OSPL") and their respective related companies, their respective directors and/or employees (collectively "Related Persons") may or might have in the future, interests in the investment products or the issuers mentioned herein. Such interests include effecting transactions in such investment products, and providing broking, investment banking and other financial or securities related services to such issuers as well as other parties generally. OCBC Bank and its Related Persons may also be related to, and receive fees from, providers of such investment products. There may be conflicts of interest between OCBC Bank, BOS, OIR, OSPL or other members of the OCBC Group and any of the persons or entities mentioned in this report of which OCBC Bank and its analyst(s) are not aware due to OCBC Bank's Chinese Wall arrangement. This report is intended for your sole use and information. By accepting this report, you agree that you shall not share, communicate, distribute, deliver a copy of or otherwise disclose in any way all or any part of this report or any information contained herein (such report, part thereof and information, "Relevant Materials") to any person or entity (including, without limitation, any overseas office, affiliate, parent entity, subsidiary entity or related entity) (any such person or entity, a "Relevant Entity") in breach of any law, rule, regulation, guidance or similar. In particular, you agree not to share, communicate, distribute, deliver or otherwise disclose any Relevant Materials to any Relevant Entity that is subject to the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (2014/65/EU) ("MiFID") and the EU's Markets in Financial Instruments Regulation (600/2014) ("MiFIR") (together referred to as "MiFID II"), or any part thereof, as implemented in any jurisdiction. No member of the OCBC Group shall be liable or responsible for the compliance by you or any Relevant Entity with any law, rule, regulation, guidance or similar (including, without limitation, MiFID II, as implemented in any iurisdiction).

The information provided herein may contain projections or other forward looking statements regarding future events or future performance of countries, assets, markets or companies. Actual events or results may differ materially. Past performance figures are not necessarily indicative of future or likely performance.

Privileged / confidential information may be contained in this report. If you are not the addressee indicated in the message enclosing the report (or responsible for delivery of the message to such person), you may not copy or deliver the message and/or report to anyone. Opinions, conclusions and other information in this document that do not relate to the official business of OCBC Bank, BOS, OIR, OSPL and their respective connected and associated corporations shall be understood as neither given nor endorsed.

Co.Reg.no.: 193200032W

Follow our podcasts by searching 'OCBC Research Insights' on Telegram!